

generated January 2026

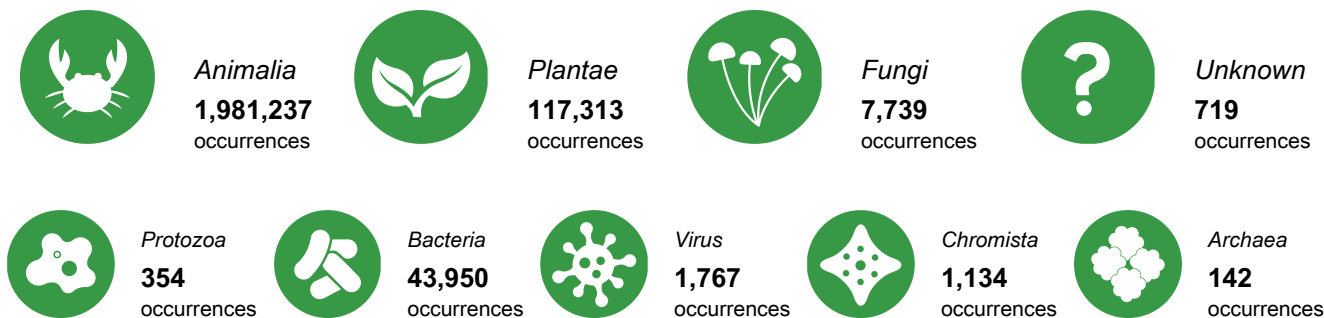
Uruguay

This report provides a series of summary charts, statistics and other details about the mobilization and use of open-access species data through the GBIF network, relating to users and participating institutions in Uruguay. These metrics show status at the time of report generation, unless otherwise noted. Taken together, the elements of this report can help guide and measure progress toward the information needs for biodiversity research, as well as for national commitments on biodiversity and sustainable development.

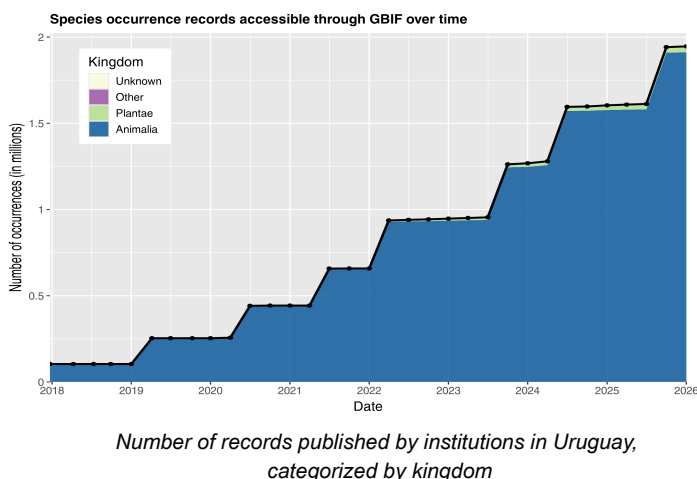
► Access and usage



► Data availability in Uruguay

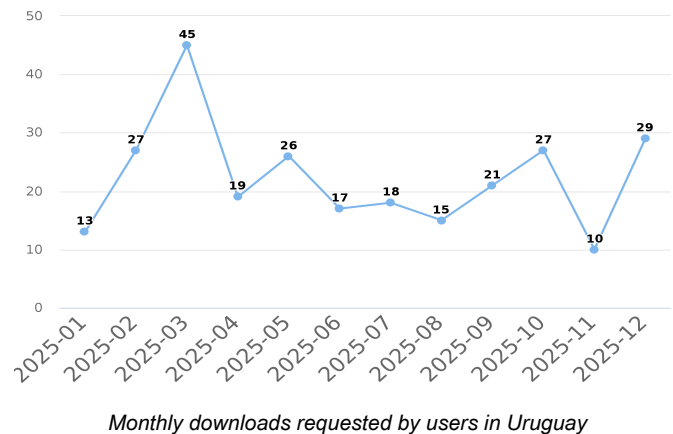
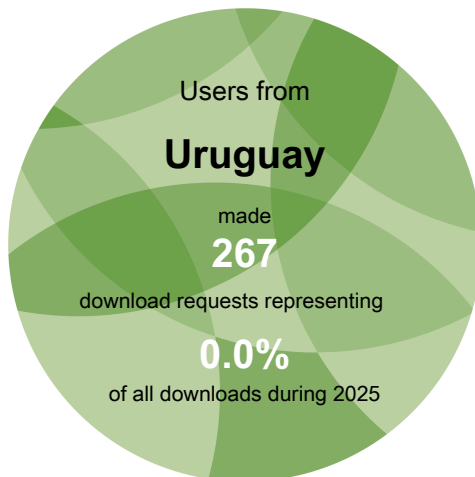


► Data mobilization



Access and usage

Data downloads on GBIF.org from users in Uruguay



Recent peer-reviewed articles using GBIF-mediated data by co-authors based in Uruguay

The GBIF Secretariat maintains and reports on an ongoing literature tracking programme, giving priority to substantive uses of GBIF-mediated data in peer-reviewed literature while identifying the countries or areas of the authors' institutional affiliations. The citations below represent the five most recent journal articles with at least one co-author from Uruguay.

Those interested in assisting the Secretariat in identifying additional peer-reviewed uses of GBIF-mediated data may forward relevant citations to comms@gbif.org.

Vidal, Burns, Guerrero *et al.* (2025) New Records and Invasion Risk of the Non-Native Piranha *Serrasalmus maculatus* (Characiformes, Serrasalminidae) in the Merin Lagoon Basin. *Austral Ecology*.
<https://doi.org/10.1111/aec.70090>

De Wysiecki, Barnett, Sánchez-Carnero *et al.* (2025) Using global occurrence data to predict suitable habitats for widely distributed marine species in data-scarce regions. *Biodiversity and Conservation*.
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10531-025-03030-z>

Bonasora, López Méndez, Speranza *et al.* (2024) Polyploids and geographic divergence blur species delimitation in the *Paspalum stellatum* complex (Poaceae: Paspaleae). *Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society*.
<https://doi.org/10.1093/botlinnean/boae082>

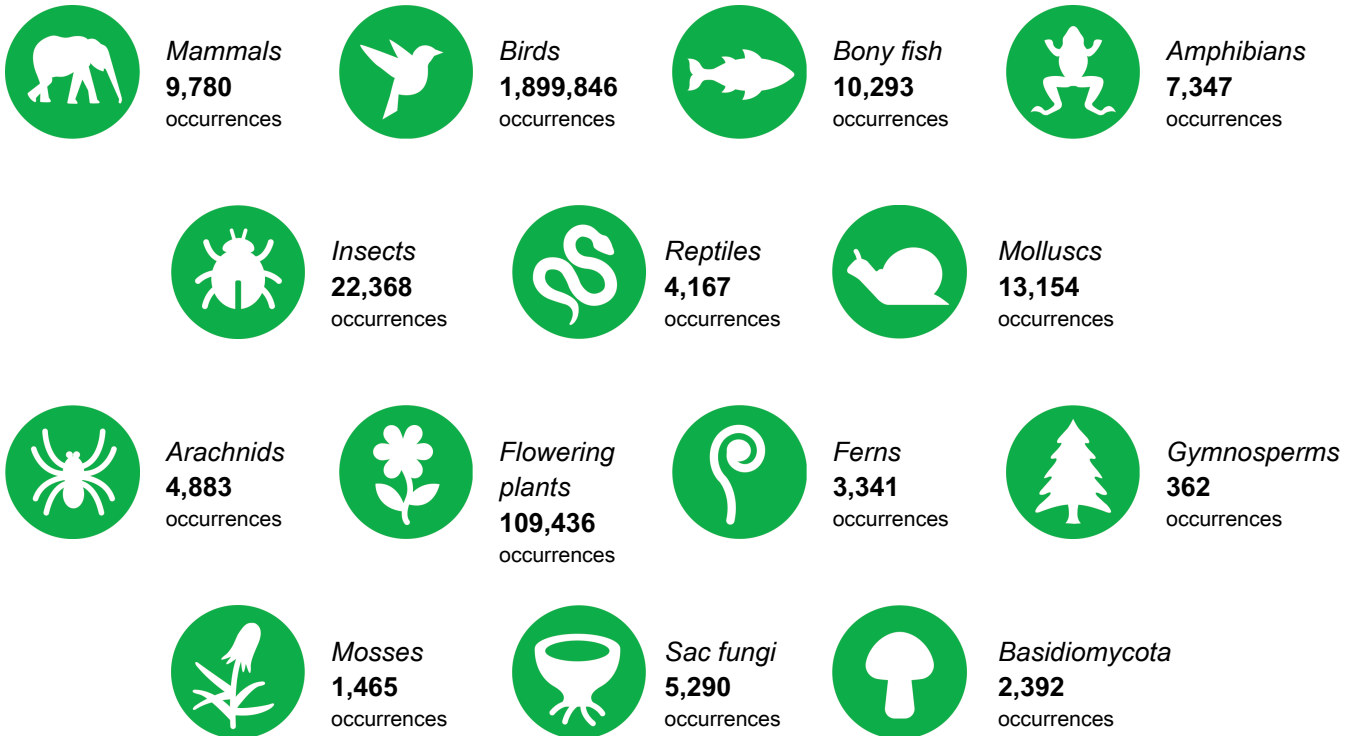
Racker, Tripaldi, Racker *et al.* (2024) Primer registro de Anambé Castaño (*Pachyramphus castaneus*) en los Esteros del Iberá, provincia de Corrientes, First record of the Chestnut-crowned Becard (*Pachyramphus castaneus*) in the Iberá Wetlands, Corrientes province. *Nuestras Aves*.
<https://doi.org/10.56178/na.vi69.1058>

Escalona, Simões, Gonzalez-Voyer *et al.* (2024) Allometric Constraint Predominates Over the Acoustic Adaptation Hypothesis in a Radiation of Neotropical Treefrogs. *Integrative Zoology*.
<https://doi.org/10.1111/1749-4877.12920>

See all research from this country or area
gbif.org/country/UY/publications/from

Data availability

Total data available for selected taxonomic groups in Uruguay



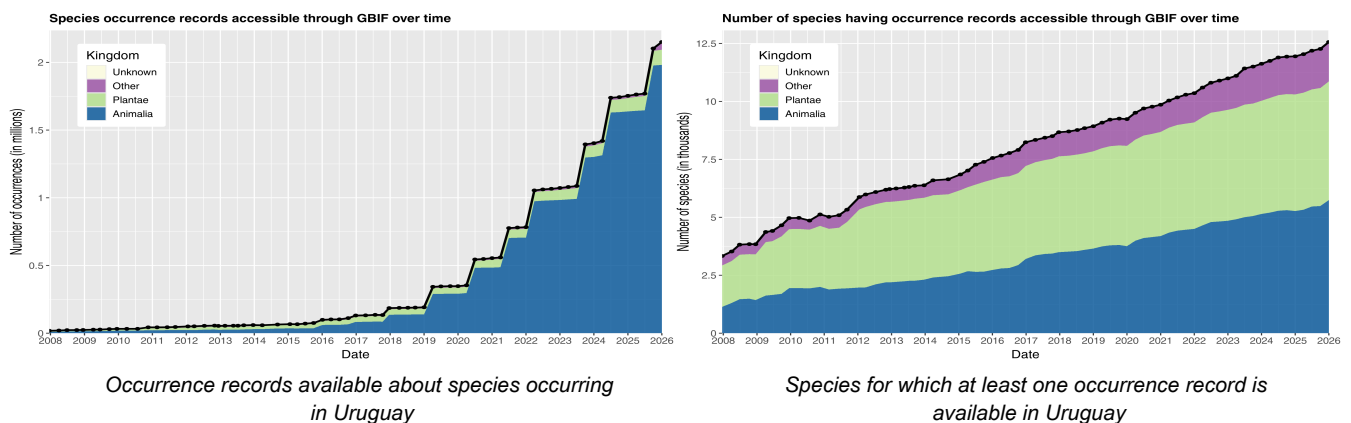
Mammals = Class *Mammalia*
Birds = Class *Aves*
Bony fish = Superclass
Osteichthyes p.p.
Amphibians = Class *Amphibia*

Insects = Class *Insecta*
Reptiles = Class *Testudines*,
Sphenodontia, *Squamata* &
Crocodylia
Molluscs = Phylum *Mollusca*

Arachnids = Class *Arachnida*
Flowering plants = Phylum
Magnoliophyta
Gymnosperms = Superclass
Gymnospermae

Ferns = Phylum *Pteridophyta*
Mosses = Phylum *Bryophyta*
Sac fungi = Phylum *Ascomycota*
Basidiomycota = Phylum
Basidiomycota

Change over time in records about biodiversity in Uruguay



WHY MIGHT THE AMOUNT OF MOBILIZED DATA DECREASE?

Datasets are sometimes removed by publishers, but more often decreases in the number of records are due to the removal of duplicate records and datasets.

SPECIES COUNTS represent the number of binomial scientific names for which GBIF has received data records, organized as far as possible using synonyms recorded in key databases like the Catalogue of Life



Most recent datasets from publishers in Uruguay

Colección de arañas de Facultad de Ciencias UdelaR. *Published by Colecciones Científicas de la Facultad de Ciencias - Universidad de la República*
<https://doi.org/10.15468/u6fa5g>

Pastos y árboles claves de importancia productiva, simbólica y para la conservación. *Published by BoL-UY*
<https://doi.org/10.15468/b74zk9>

Parasitoides (Insecta: Hymenoptera: Parasitica) de Uruguay. *Published by BoL-UY*
<https://doi.org/10.15468/mu3rcs>

Fauna del Área Protegida Esteros y Algarrobales del Río Uruguay. *Published by UPM Forestal Oriental*
<https://doi.org/10.15468/2253wj>

Plantas melíferas de los ecosistemas bosque y pradera nativa del departamento de Rivera, Uruguay. *Published by BoL-UY*
<https://doi.org/10.15468/n8fp9q>

Flora del Área Protegida Esteros y Algarrobales del Río Uruguay. *Published by UPM Forestal Oriental*
<https://doi.org/10.15468/n86v3v>

See all datasets from this country or area: gbif.org/dataset/search?publishing_country=UY

Newest publishers from Uruguay

Colecciones Científicas de la Facultad de Ciencias -
Universidad de la República

BoL-UY

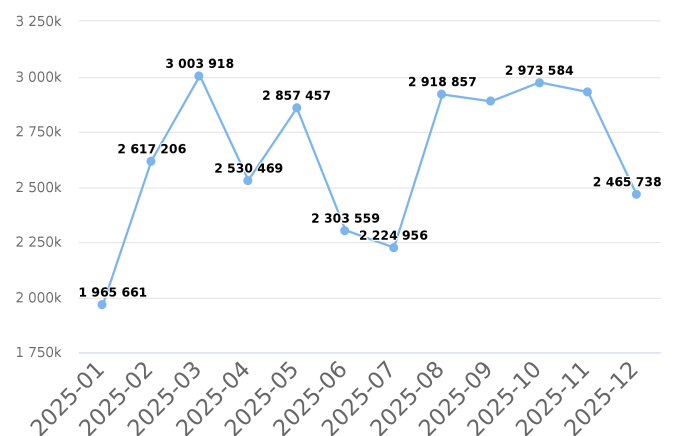
UPM Forestal Oriental

Biodiversidata

Dirección Nacional de Biodiversidad y Servicios
Ecosistémicos, Ministerio de Ambiente / National
Direction of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services,
Ministry of Environment

See all publishers from this country or area
gbif.org/publisher/search?country=UY

Occurrence records downloaded from GBIF.org, published by institutions in Uruguay

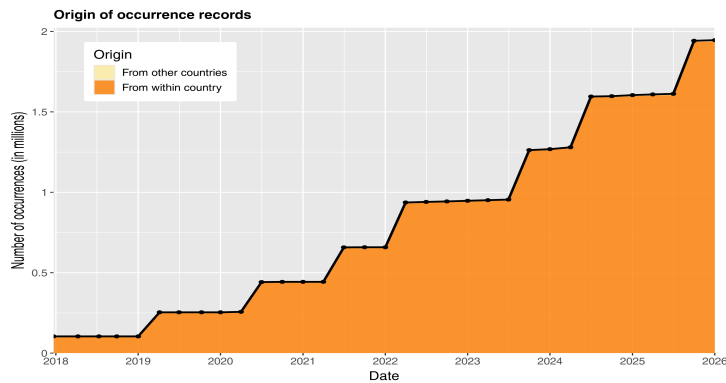


Number of occurrence records downloaded via
GBIF.org published by institutions in Uruguay

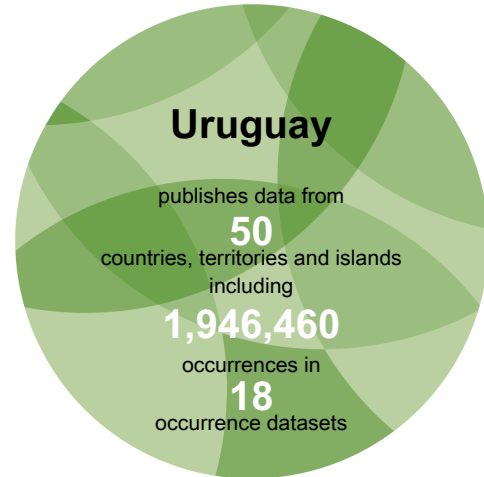


Data mobilization

Data sharing with country or area of origin by national institutions in Uruguay



Data sharing with country or area of origin



The chart above shows the number of records shared over time by publishers within Uruguay, with separate colours for records about species occurring within undefined and those occurring elsewhere.

Top data contributors about biodiversity in Uruguay

Rank	Country or area	No. of occurrences
1	Uruguay	1,937,573
2	United States of America	78,975
3	Germany	43,049
4	Argentina	19,500
5	United Kingdom	14,602
6	Brazil	11,859
7	Sweden	11,573
8	France	9,731
9	Netherlands	6,014
10	International organization or unknown country	4,484

Table 1. Ranking of countries or areas contributing data about Uruguay

Top datasets contributing data about Uruguay

- EOD – eBird Observation Dataset. 1,855,457 occurrences in Uruguay. (Last updated 29 Oct 2025)
- iNaturalist Research-grade Observations. 96,986 occurrences in Uruguay. (Last updated 31 Dec 2025)
- Microbial Community Database (MiCoDa). A curated global 16S rRNA gene amplicon dataset from all environments. 39,477 occurrences in Uruguay. (Last updated 23 Oct 2025)
- NMNH Extant Specimen Records (USNM, US). 13,614 occurrences in Uruguay. (Last updated 2 Jan 2026)
- Instituto de Botánica Darwinion. 7,158 occurrences in Uruguay. (Last updated 28 Feb 2018)

See all contributing countries and areas or datasets: gbif.org/country/UY/about



Uruguay participates in the following projects coordinated by GBIF

Regional capacity enhancement by setting up Uruguay's data portal

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2015–2016

Project to provide mentorship to Uruguay in establishing a national biodiversity website and data-portal, as well as an efficient data publication workflow.

<https://www.gbif.org/project/82209>

Increasing the use of camera traps for biodiversity monitoring through translated materials in Latin America

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2025–2027

<https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2025-014>

Improving the visibility of Latin American Natural Science Collections through a Global Collections Network Campaign

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2023–2024

<https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2022-012>

Strengthening Latin American sampling-event data publishing

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2016–2017

This project will provide documentation and training to Latin American participants in order to strengthen publishing skills and increase cooperation in the region.

<https://www.gbif.org/project/83155>

Workshop on digital documentation: Linking biodiversity data, publications and images

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2014–2015

This project will increase the Latin American region's capacity to digitize and publish biodiversity data from scientific literature, images and other multimedia objects.

<https://www.gbif.org/project/82236>

Data quality: Improving primary biodiversity data in the GBIF network

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2014–2015

This regional initiative aims to address data quality by transferring knowledge about best publishing practices and putting them into effect.

<https://www.gbif.org/project/82230>

See all GBIF projects
[gbif.org/resource/search?contentType=project](https://www.gbif.org/resource/search?contentType=project)