

generated January 2026

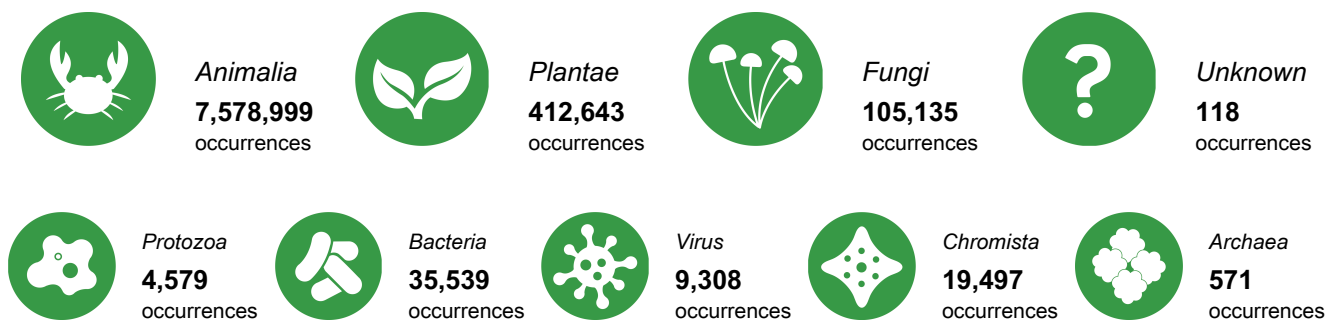
Thailand

This report provides a series of summary charts, statistics and other details about the mobilization and use of open-access species data through the GBIF network, relating to users and participating institutions in Thailand. These metrics show status at the time of report generation, unless otherwise noted. Taken together, the elements of this report can help guide and measure progress toward the information needs for biodiversity research, as well as for national commitments on biodiversity and sustainable development.

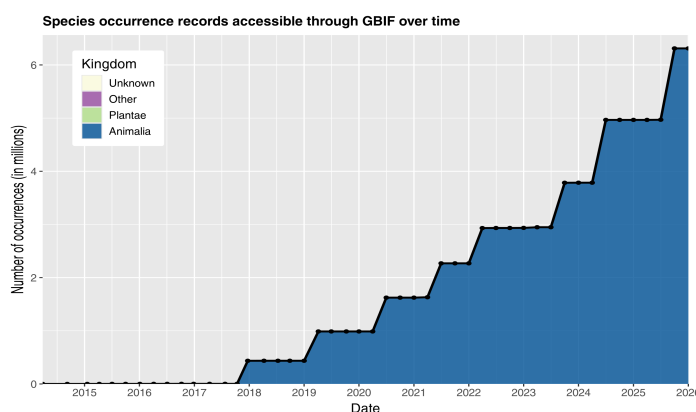
► Access and usage



► Data availability in Thailand



► Data mobilization

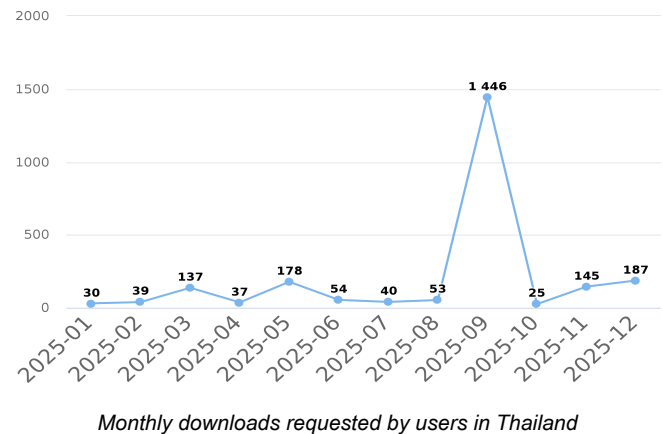
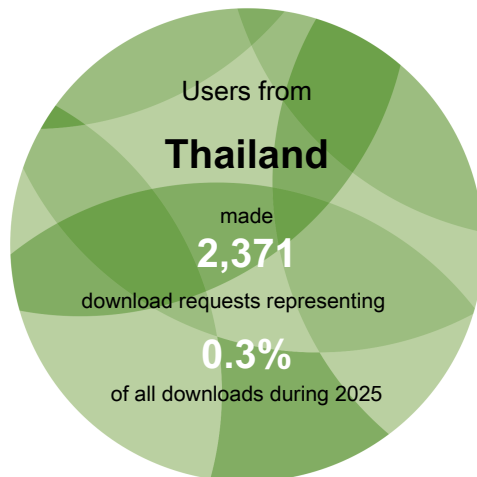


Number of records published by institutions in Thailand, categorized by kingdom



Access and usage

Data downloads on GBIF.org from users in Thailand



Recent peer-reviewed articles using GBIF-mediated data by co-authors based in Thailand

The GBIF Secretariat maintains and reports on an ongoing literature tracking programme, giving priority to substantive uses of GBIF-mediated data in peer-reviewed literature while identifying the countries or areas of the authors' institutional affiliations. The citations below represent the five most recent journal articles with at least one co-author from Thailand.

Those interested in assisting the Secretariat in identifying additional peer-reviewed uses of GBIF-mediated data may forward relevant citations to comms@gbif.org.

Simões, Shimpale, Rattanakrajang *et al.* (2024) Reinstating Palaeotropical genera of Convolvulaceae: *Argyreia*, *Stictocardia*, *Turbina* and *Astripomoea* (tribe Ipomoeae, subtribe Argyreineae). *Rheedea*.
<https://doi.org/10.22244/rheedea.2024.34.05.15>

Guerin, Chheang, Sinpoo *et al.* (2025) Current Status, Challenges, and Perspectives in the Conservation of Native Honeybees and Beekeeping in Cambodia. *Insects*.
<https://doi.org/10.3390/insects16010039>

Suksavate, Ngernsaengsaruy, Nipitwattanaphon *et al.* (2025) Effect of climate change on truffle (Tuber species) distribution and host plant interactions in Thailand. *Mycologia*.
<https://doi.org/10.1080/00275514.2025.2522020>

Reboud, Nabholz, Chevalier *et al.* (2024) Clarifying the phylogeny and systematics of the recalcitrant tribe Leptocircini (Lepidoptera: Papilionidae) with whole-genome data. *Systematic Entomology*.
<https://doi.org/10.1111/syen.12661>

Wang, Liu, Sakornwimon *et al.* (2025) Spatial planning for dugong conservation: Assessing habitat suitability and conservation gaps in Indo-Pacific Convergence Zone. *Marine Policy*.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpol.2025.106777>

See all research from this country or area
gbif.org/country/TH/publications/from



Data availability

Total data available for selected taxonomic groups in Thailand



Mammals
40,175
occurrences



Birds
6,535,843
occurrences



Bony fish
82,554
occurrences



Amphibians
35,020
occurrences



Insects
688,331
occurrences



Reptiles
63,178
occurrences



Molluscs
51,342
occurrences



Arachnids
24,148
occurrences



Flowering plants
366,814
occurrences



Ferns
23,641
occurrences



Gymnosperms
1,534
occurrences



Mosses
11,919
occurrences



Sac fungi
55,720
occurrences



Basidiomycota
39,984
occurrences

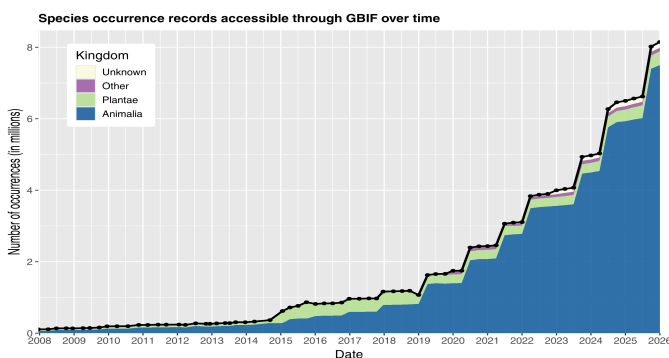
Mammals = Class *Mammalia*
Birds = Class *Aves*
Bony fish = Superclass
Osteichthyes p.p.
Amphibians = Class *Amphibia*

Insects = Class *Insecta*
Reptiles = Class *Testudines*,
Sphenodontia, *Squamata* &
Crocodylia
Molluscs = Phylum *Mollusca*

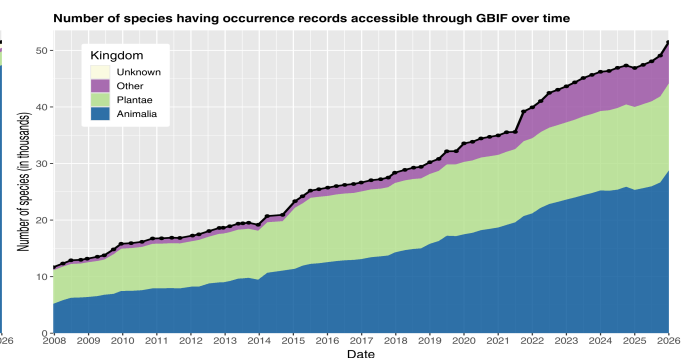
Arachnids = Class *Arachnida*
Flowering plants = Phylum
Magnoliophyta
Gymnosperms = Superclass
Gymnospermae

Ferns = Phylum *Pteridophyta*
Mosses = Phylum *Bryophyta*
Sac fungi = Phylum *Ascomycota*
Basidiomycota = Phylum
Basidiomycota

Change over time in records about biodiversity in Thailand



Occurrence records available about species occurring in Thailand



Species for which at least one occurrence record is available in Thailand

WHY MIGHT THE AMOUNT OF MOBILIZED DATA DECREASE?

Datasets are sometimes removed by publishers, but more often decreases in the number of records are due to the removal of duplicate records and datasets.

SPECIES COUNTS represent the number of binomial scientific names for which GBIF has received data records, organized as far as possible using synonyms recorded in key databases like the Catalogue of Life



Most recent datasets from publishers in Thailand

Distribution of flies of medical importance in Thailand. *Published by Kasetsart University*

<https://doi.org/10.15468/efyf5n>

PSU-ZC-Crustacean Collection. *Published by Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn Natural History Museum (PSU Museum, Prince of Songkla University, Thailand)*

<https://doi.org/10.15468/g82jrc>

PSU-ZC-Plankton Collection. *Published by Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn Natural History Museum (PSU Museum, Prince of Songkla University, Thailand)*

<https://doi.org/10.15468/3re2mw>

Mosquitoes (Diptera: Culicidae) Distribution in Thailand. *Published by Walailak University, School of Allied Health Sciences*

<https://doi.org/10.15468/tbd7fz>

Lancang-Mekong microbiome project 16S rRNA metabarcoding (March - December 2021). *Published by Thailand Bioresource Research Center (TBRC)*

<https://doi.org/10.15468/8bfgdv>

Lancang-Mekong microbiome project sampling (March - December 2021). *Published by Thailand Bioresource Research Center (TBRC)*

<https://doi.org/10.15468/df547>

See all datasets from this country or area: gbif.org/dataset/search?publishing_country=TH

Newest publishers from Thailand

Kasetsart University

Walailak University, School of Allied Health Sciences

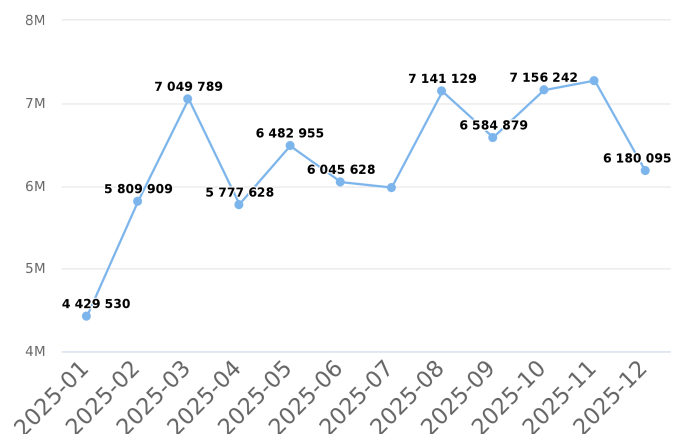
Thailand Bioresource Research Center (TBRC)

Chulalongkorn University, Department of Biology

Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn Natural History Museum (PSU Museum, Prince of Songkla University, Thailand)

See all publishers from this country or area
gbif.org/publisher/search?country=TH

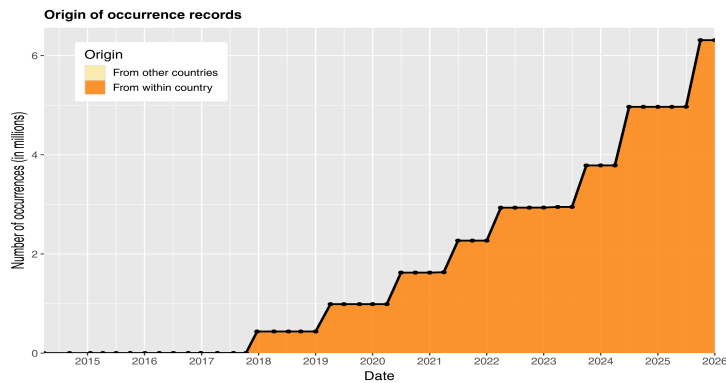
Occurrence records downloaded from GBIF.org, published by institutions in Thailand



Number of occurrence records downloaded via GBIF.org published by institutions in Thailand

Data mobilization

Data sharing with country or area of origin by national institutions in Thailand



Data sharing with country or area of origin



The chart above shows the number of records shared over time by publishers within Thailand, with separate colours for records about species occurring within undefined and those occurring elsewhere.

Top data contributors about biodiversity in Thailand

Rank	Country or area	No. of occurrences
1	Thailand	6,311,082
2	United States of America	669,395
3	International organization or unknown country	279,872
4	United Kingdom	228,014
5	Netherlands	206,434
6	Japan	146,854
7	Estonia	89,975
8	Finland	53,938
9	Denmark	25,410
10	Germany	23,743

Table 1. Ranking of countries or areas contributing data about Thailand

Top datasets contributing data about Thailand

- EOD – eBird Observation Dataset. 6,261,709 occurrences in Thailand. (Last updated 29 Oct 2025)
- iNaturalist Research-grade Observations. 434,442 occurrences in Thailand. (Last updated 31 Dec 2025)
- International Barcode of Life project (iBOL). 262,387 occurrences in Thailand. (Last updated 28 Nov 2025)
- Naturalis Biodiversity Center (NL) - Botany. 105,614 occurrences in Thailand. (Last updated 23 Oct 2025)
- Insect species recorded in sugarcane fields of Khon Kaen Province, Thailand, over three seasons in 2012. 98,423 occurrences in Thailand. (Last updated 14 Jan 2025)

See all contributing countries and areas or datasets: gbif.org/country/TH/about



Thailand participates in the following projects coordinated by GBIF

Digitizing and databasing of bee specimens in Thailand

BIFA: Biodiversity Information Fund for Asia, 2020–2021

This digitization project will establish a database for bee specimens from Thailand and make open data on these underrepresented families available to researchers worldwide

<https://www.gbif.org/project/1tRUhXbB0fXAxKywxglR4T>

Using microbial metabarcoding to monitor biodiversity and bioindicators in the Mekong River

BIFA: Biodiversity Information Fund for Asia, 2021–2023

https://www.gbif.org/project/BIFA6_030

Seeing TIGER for the bees: digitizing apian specimens from Thailand's national parks

BIFA: Biodiversity Information Fund for Asia, 2021–2022

https://www.gbif.org/project/BIFA6_009

See all GBIF projects
[gbif.org/resource/search?contentType=project](https://www.gbif.org/resource/search?contentType=project)